



## Natural vegetation and wildlife

**Grade 9**

**worksheet**

**Date:13.02.23**

1. To which one of the following types of vegetation does rubber belong to  
a. Tundra    b. tidal    c. Himalayan    d. tropical evergreen
2. Chingona trees are found in the areas of rainfall more than  
a. 100 cm    b. 50 cm    c. 70 l'm    d. less than 50
3. In which of the following state is a simlipal Bio reserve located?  
a. Punjab    b. Delhi    c. Odisha    d. West Bengal
4. Which one of the following bio reserves of India is not included in the world network Bio reserve?  
a. Manas    b. Nilgiri    c. Gulf of Mannar    d. Nanda Devi
5. The yak, Shaggy- horned wild ox and the Tibetan antelope are found in which one of the following regions?  
a. Tibet    b. Uttarakhand    c. Himachal Pradesh    d. Ladakh
6. Which term is used to denote animal species of a particular region or period  
a. Fauna    b. Ferns    c. Flora.    d. none of these
7. Which term is used for Virgin vegetation, which have come from outside India are termed as exotic plants.  
a. indigenous plants    b. endemic species  
c. exotic plant.    d. none of these
8. Which term is used for the original plant cover of an area which has grown naturally?  
a. garden    b. agriculture    c. virgin vegetation    d. indigenous species
9. Which is not included in the group of non-flowering plants?  
a. orchids    b. algae    c. fungi    d. none of these
10. How does forest influence the climate of a place?  
a. modify local climate    b. control wind force and temperature  
c. cause rainfall    d. all the above

11. Which type of vegetation zone is found in the higher reaches of the Himalayas

a. tropical      b. alpine      c. temperate      d. none of these

12. Which type of vegetation grows in the sandy soil of the desert?

a. coniferous trees      b. grasslands

c. cactus and Thorny bushes      d. all of these

13. The character and extent of vegetation are mainly determined by which of the climatic factors?

a. temperature      b. humidity      c. precipitation      d. all the above

14. Which one of the following states of India has the least percentage of its area under forest cover?

a. Bihar      b. Punjab      c. Madras      d. Sikkim

15. Why are the southern slopes in the Himalayan region covered with thick vegetation?

a. on account of more exposure to sunlight

b. on account of more precipitation

c. on account of less exposure to colder winds      d. all the above

16. Ebony, mahogany, and rosewood trees are grown in which type of forests?

a. coniferous forest      b. tropical rainforest

c. tropical thorn forest      d. none of these

17. Which type of vegetation usually develops on undulating and rough terrains?

a. mangroves      b. grasslands and Woodlands

c. cactus and Thorny bushes      d. none of these

18. Due to which reason the vegetation of most of the area has been modified or replaced or degraded.

a. change of climate      b. human occupancy

c. soil erosion      d. none of these